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ABSTRACT (See instructions overleaf)

The public is constantly harangued about all sorts of risks and its perception of risks plays an important role in governmental decision making.

This paper presents results of one of preliminary studies of the attitudes to ionizing radiation compared to other risk factors.

In the area of social psychology attitude is defined as a tendency to positive or negative reaction towards certain characteristics, objects and situations. It is caused by structure and content of the whole personality, especially by its subconscious part, and defined by the past, education and social surroundings.

part, and defined by the past, education and social surroundings.

Primary goal of this research was to divide risk perception attitudes according to different variables such as: sex, education level, years of life, history of occupational exposure and so on.