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# **A nationwide radon survey in Finland – prevention in new construction.**

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## Aim

**Exploring the prevalence and efficiency of  
preventive measures in houses constructed in  
2006 - 2008**

# Background

## EU countries

- research on the status of radon prevention is still quite inadequate
- many countries require radon prevention in new construction
- representative surveys on the prevalence and efficiency are lacking
- Reference: RADPAR (Radon Prevention and Remediation, EU DG SANCO) final reports

# Radon in Finland

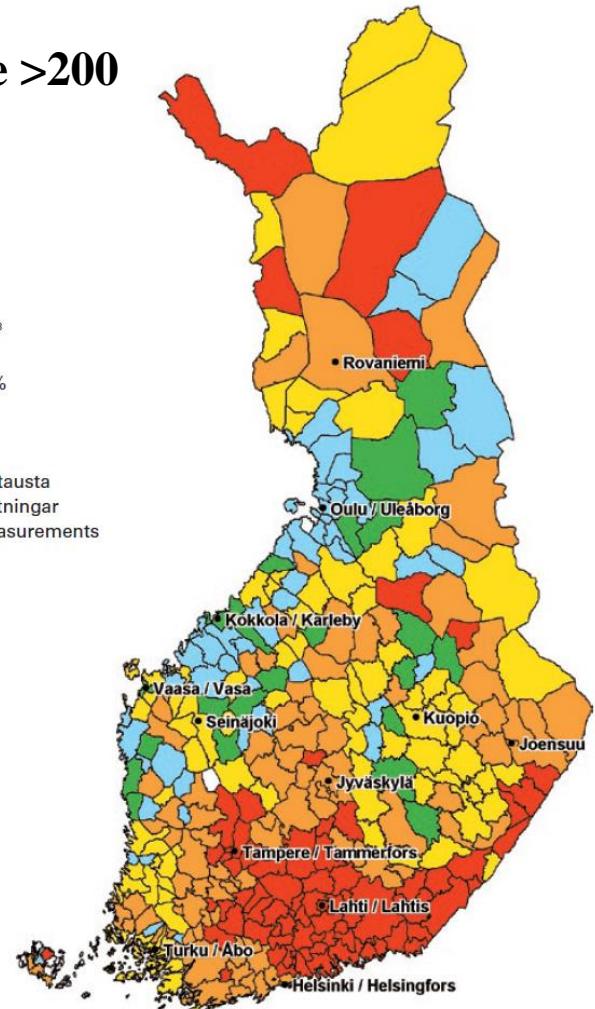
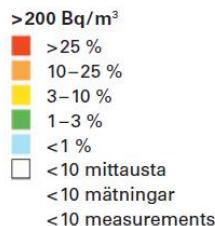
## Reference values for radon concentration

- new construction 200 Bq/m<sup>3</sup>
- existing dwellings 400 Bq/m<sup>3</sup>

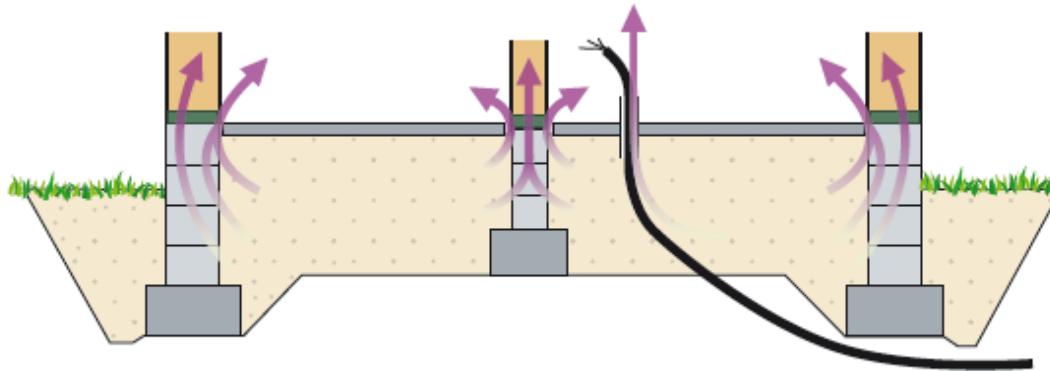
## Previous nationwide random sample survey 2006

- 15.1 % (204.000) of low-rise residential houses > 200 Bq/m<sup>3</sup>
- nationwide average
  - all dwellings 96 Bq/m<sup>3</sup>
  - low -rise houses 121 Bq/m<sup>3</sup>

Percentage >200 Bq/m<sup>3</sup>



# Entry routes, slab on-ground

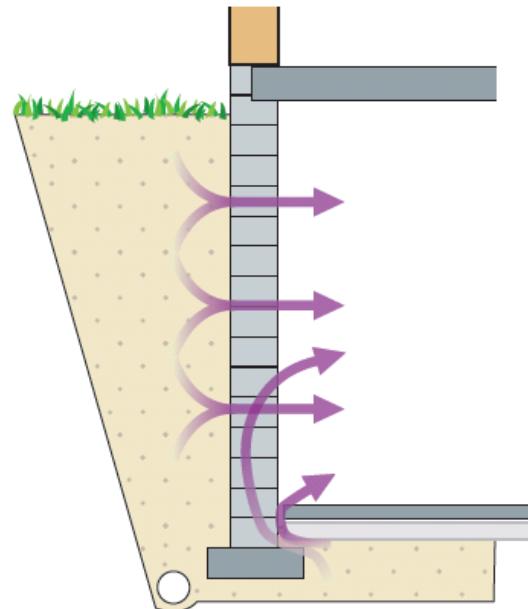


- Prevalent type of foundation in Finland
- Gap between foundation wall and floor slab
- Permeable light weight concrete blocks increase air flows
- Non-sealed pipe penetrations

# Entry routes

## Basement or semi- basement

**Light-weight concrete blocks in non-sealed walls promote air-flows**



# **Regulations, key changes in 2003 -2004**

## **New guide for radon prevention in 2003**

- Use of a strip of bitumen felt for sealing**
- Installation of radon piping ( as already in the previous 1996 guide)**

## **New building code for foundations in 2004**

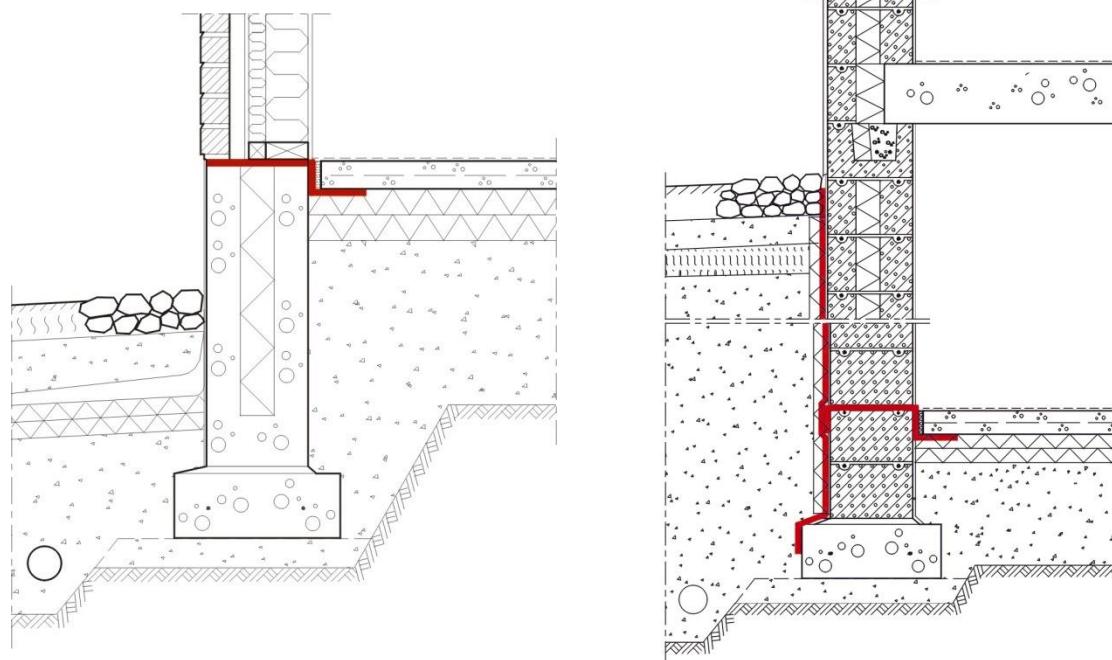
- In the design and construction work, radon risks at the construction site shall be taken into account**
- Radon-technical design documents are required**

# Radon resistant new construction, guideline

## Sealing of slab-foundation wall joint and walls in contact with soil

Polyester-reinforced bitumen felt

- cast in direct contact with bitumen felt at least 15 cm



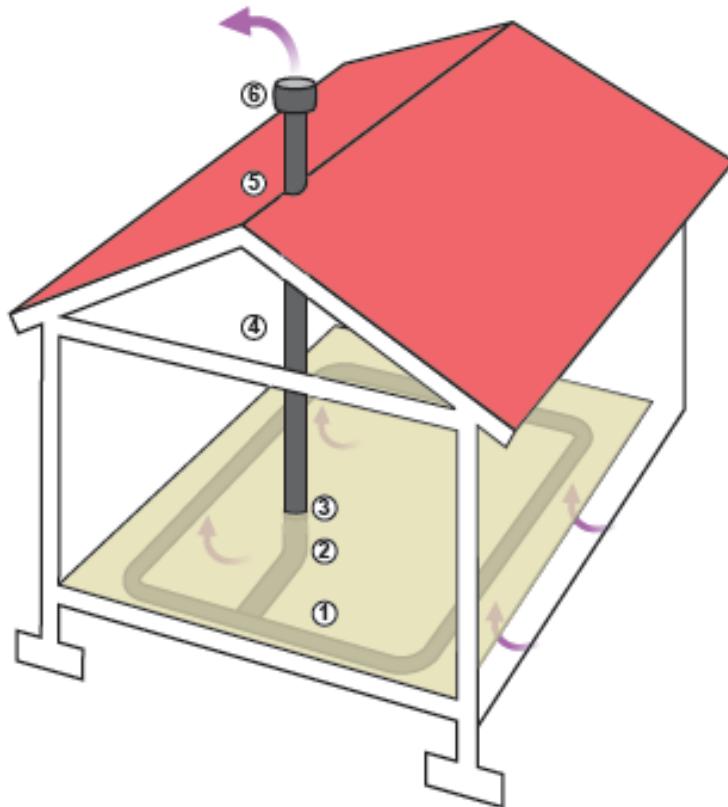
Figures from Guide RT 81-10791

# Installation of bitumen felt



# Radon resistant new construction, guideline

- Install a passive piping system: discharge open above roof



Install a radon fan  
when radon  
concentration  
 $> 200 \text{ Bq/m}^3$

# New construction survey 2009

**Radon concentration was measured in 1561 randomly chosen dwellings (low-rise houses)**

- Building permission given in 2006
- Notice of removal before November 2008
- Houses completed in 2006 - 2008
- Single family houses, pair houses, terraced houses

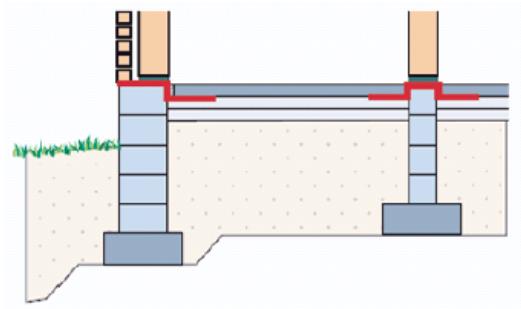
# New construction survey 2009

- Original sample 3000 dwellings
- 7% of dwellings in low-rise houses that received building permission in 2006
- Positive reply 62%, received radon dosimeters
- Final participation 52 %
- Two months measurements in March - May 2009

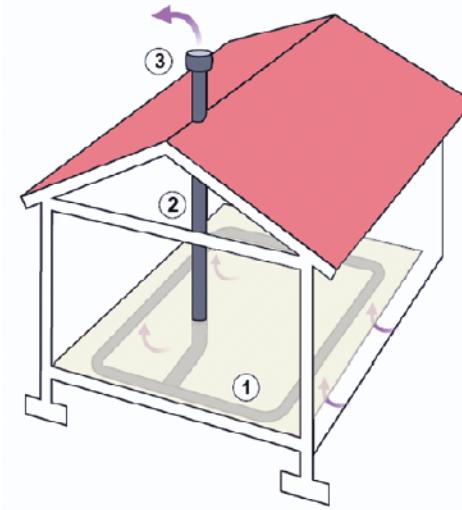
# New construction survey 2009

- Standard radon measurement questionnaire + special radon prevention questionnaire with figures

Sealing work carried out?



Radon piping installed?



# Results, foundation and radon

## Slab-on-ground, prevalent type of foundation

- remarkable progress in radon prevention

## Highest concentrations

- houses with semi-basement and basement, average 161 Bq/m<sup>3</sup> median 97 Bq/m<sup>3</sup>
- main reason: defective measures for radon prevention in the block walls in contact with soil

## Lowest concentrations, rare foundation types

- houses with crawl space, median 29 Bq/m<sup>3</sup>
- houses with a monolithic floor slab, median 27 Bq/m<sup>3</sup>

# Results

- Preventive measures were taken
  - in 92 % of houses in six provinces with highest radon concentration (Area 1)
  - in 38 % of houses elsewhere in the country (Area 2)
  - in 54 % of houses, whole country
- Average radon concentration 95 Bq/m<sup>3</sup>, median 58 Bq/m<sup>3</sup>
- Percentage exceeding 200 Bq/m<sup>3</sup>

- 200 Bq/m <sup>3</sup>	10.6%, previous nationwide survey	15.8%
- 400 Bq/m <sup>3</sup>	2.1%	3.8%

# Results

**Radon reduction compared with houses completed in 2000-2005 (previous nationwide survey in 2006)**

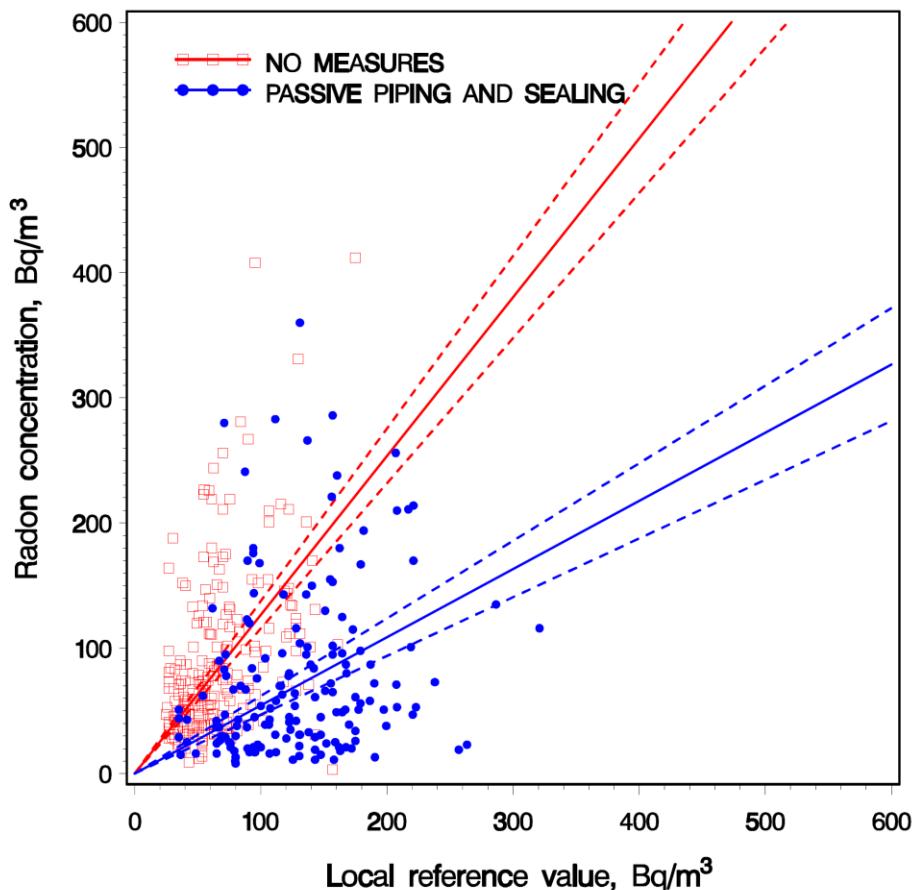
- **47% in area 1 (high radon provinces)**
- **26% in area 2 (elsewhere)**
- **33% whole country**

**Radon reduction compared with houses with no prevention measures (slab-on-ground)**

- **passive radon piping and sealing 57%**
- **passive radon piping without sealing 41%**

# Effect of preventive measures

Radon concentration in houses with slab-on-ground and local reference values.



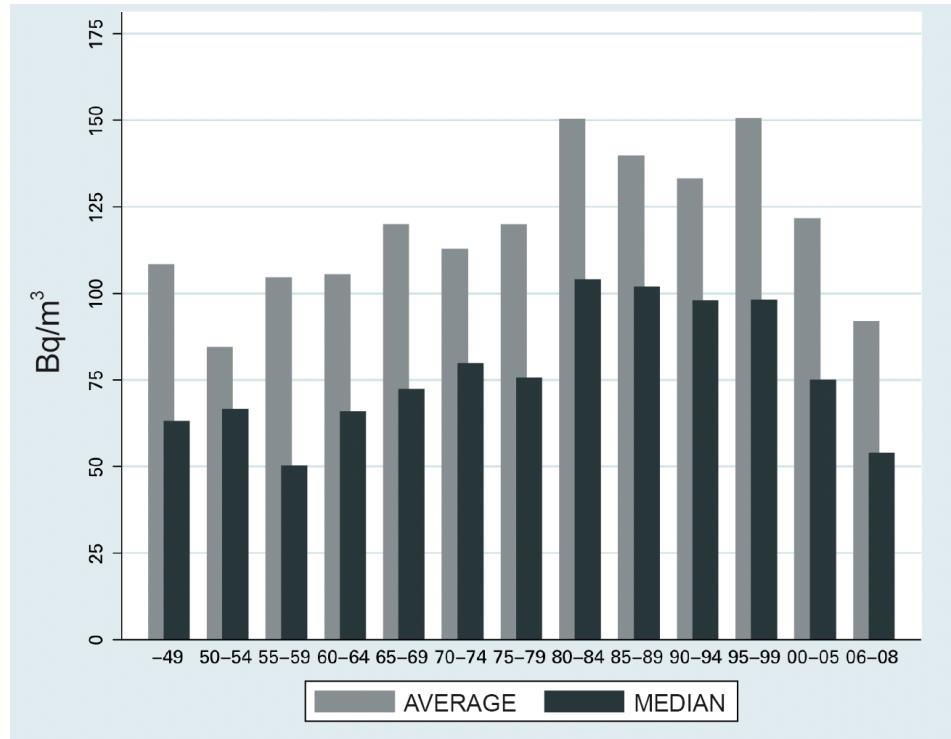
Regression lines are fitted for houses

- without preventive measures
- with passive radon piping and sealing carried with a strip of bitumen felt
- local reference data is based on the STUK data base, 87.000 low-rise houses

# New construction survey 2009

Decreasing trend in radon concentration grouped by year of construction . Results of 1949 – 2005 are based on the Nationwide sample survey 2006 (STUK-A242, Mäkeläinen et al. 2009).

The last bar (2006-2008) represents the results of the new construction study.



# Challenges

- Widespread and skilled implementation of preventive measures throughout the country
- Sealing of pipe penetrations
- Sealing measures for block walls in contact with soil
- Increased use of foundation types with typically lower radon concentrations instead of slab-on-ground foundation

# Conclusions

- The building code and prevention guidelines were revised in 2003 - 2004
- Nationwide prevention activity increased to 54%
- Reduction in radon concentrations of 33%, in provinces of highest concentration 47%
- The present prevention strategy provides a good basis for further work
- Directed random sample surveys provide an excellent tool for prevention studies

# Thank you

## Reference

**Arvela H., Holmgren O., Reisbacka H. (2011) Radon prevention in new construction in Finland: A Nationwide sample survey in 2009. Radiation Protection Dosimetry 2011; doi: 10.1093/rpd/ncr192.**

[www.stuk.fi](http://www.stuk.fi)    [www.radon.fi](http://www.radon.fi)